

# Rural Municipality of West River Planning Board Committee Minutes

 Meeting No
 PLB-24-06
 Time
 7:00 PM

Session Regular - Public Date Tuesday, January 9, 2024

Chair Helen Smith-MacPhail - Mayor Location Afton Community Centre

Adaptation status Approved Contact Person Laala Jahanshahloo - CAO

Attendance Mayor Helen Smith-MacPhail, Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, Councillor Aaron

MacEachern, Councillor Ryan Roggeveen, Councillor John Yeo, Councillor Lillian

MacCannell, Councillor Steve Pollard, Laala Jahanshahloo - CAO, Susan Morse -

Administrative Assistant, Mirko Terrazsas - Development Officer, Satyajit Sen - Special Advisor

Regret Nil

**Guest** Sterling Buchanan

#### Call to Order

Mayor Helen Smith-MacPhail called the meeting to order at 7:00 PM.

### Adoption & Approval of Agenda

The agenda was approved as circulated. It was moved by Councillor John Yeo, seconded by Councillor Lillian MacCannell, and unanimously carried.

#### Declarations of Conflict of Interest

No Conflict of interest was declared.

### Adoption of Previous Meeting's Minutes

The minutes of PLB-23-05, November 9, 2023, Planning Board Committee Meeting were approved as circulated. It was moved by Councillor John Yeo, seconded by Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, and unanimously carried.

The minutes of the Public Meeting on November 14, 2023, Public Meeting were approved as circulated. It was moved by Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, seconded by Councillor Steve Pollard and unanimously carried.

The minutes of the Public Meeting on November 14, 2023, Public Meeting were approved as

circulated. It was moved by Councillor John Yeo, seconded by Councillor Aaron MacEachern, and

unanimously carried.

**Recommendation Items** 

PLB.24.06.1 - Rezoning Application PID 202671

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Deferred

**Background:** 

PLB.23.05.1, PUB MTG-23-01, and Registered Professional Planner Report prepared by

Samantha Murphy (Appendix 6.1, attached hereto, forming a part of this minutes).

**Description:** 

The Planning Board reviewed the minutes from the Public Meeting of November 14, 2023, and

the review report from Samantha Murphy (RPP). The Planning Board recommends deferring

the rezoning until receiving a legal opinion from the Municipality's lawyer regarding the

ownership of the right of way (ROW) at Fraser Lane and whether the road can become public.

It was moved by Councillor John Yeo and seconded by Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, and

the motion was carried (4-2).

PLB.24.06.2 – Rezoning Application PID 491324

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Denied

**Background:** 

PLB.23.05.2, PUB MTG-23-02, and Registered Professional Planner Report prepared by

Samantha Murphy (Appendix 6.2, attached hereto, forming a part of this minutes).

Description

The Planning Board reviewed the minutes from the Public Meeting of November 14, 2023, and

the review report from Samantha Murphy (RPP). The Planning Board recommended that this

rezoning application be denied. It was moved by Councillor Aaron MacEachern, seconded by

Councillor John Yeo, and unanimously carried.

PLB.24.06.3 - Rezoning Application PID 818500

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Recommended

**Description:** 

The Applicant presented their request to rezone PID 818500 for subdivision of 13 lots in

varying sizes of greater than or equal to 1 acre. The Committee reviewed the Development

Officer's report and recommended that the Council authorize the CAO to proceed with holding

a public meeting according to Rural Municipality of West River's Land Use Bylaw#2022-04

Section (12.4) for the PID 818500 rezoning request. It was moved by Councillor John Yeo and,

seconded by Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, and unanimously carried.

PLB.24.06.4 – Variance/Subdivision Application PID 219329

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Recommended

**Background:** 

A variance application was submitted to subdivide PID 219329 into two lots of 1 acre and 0.91

acre.

**Description:** 

The Committee recommended approval of variation for subdivision of PID 219329. Deputy

Mayor Shaun MacArthur moved that the Planning Board recommend this request to the

council, seconded by Councillor Steve Pollard, and unanimously carried.

Rural Municipality of WEST RIVER

PLB.24.06.5 - Excavation Pit Development Agreement

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Recommended

**Background:** 

Motion#2023-48

**Description:** 

The Committee reviewed the excavation pit development agreement drafted by SJM as part of

the "Excavation Pit Administration Add-on" and recommended that it be sent for legal review.

PLB.24.06.5 - Subdivision Agreement

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Recommended

**Background:** 

PLB.2023.9.3 & Land Use Bylaw #2022-04 Section (13.14)

**Description:** 

The Committee reviewed the subdivision agreement drafted by SJM. It was recommended that

as this is a template and needs to be tailored for each case when it is required to be prepared,

send it to the municipality's lawyer for review and revision. It was moved by Councillor Lillian

MacCannell, seconded by Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur, and unanimously carried.

PLB.24.06.6 - OP & LUB Amendments

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Recommended

**Background:** 

Minister of Housing, Land and Communities - Approval Letter



**Description:** 

The Planning Board recommends that the Council authorize the CAO to initiate the process of

looking into future amendments to the Official Plan and Land Use Bylaw. It was moved by

Councillor John Yeo, seconded by Councillor Lillian MacCannell, and unanimously carried.

PLB.24.06.7 - Schedule of Fees Revision - Bylaw #2022-04

**Decision Type:** Action

Status: Deferred

**Background:** 

The RMWR Fee Schedule was drafted in 2021 and revised in October 2022.

**Description:** 

The Committee recommended this item be deferred until r the RMWR 2024-25 Financial Plan

has been approved. It was moved by Councillor Aaron MacEachern, seconded by Deputy

Mayor Shaun MacArthur, and unanimously carried.

Informational Items

PLB.24.06.9 -Permit Reports

**Decision Type:** Information

Status: Received

**Description:** 

The Development Officer presented a summary of permits issued in 2023 by RMWR.

Adjournment

Deputy Mayor Shaun MacArthur motioned to adjourn the meeting at 7:55 PM.

The next meeting is TBD.

Helen Smith-MacPhail

Laala Jahanshahloo

Chief Administrative Officer



# Appendix 6.1

#### SJ Murphy Planning & Consulting

**Planning Report** 

REPORT FOR: Planning Board
DATE: November 28, 2023

PREPARED BY: Samantha Murphy, RPP, LPP, FCIP

REPORT NUMBER: WR-2023-03.2

SUBJECT: Rezoning land from RA to RR on Fraser Lane for purpose of 18 new one-acre lots

#### **BACKGROUND**

An application has been submitted to rezone the parcel of land, PID 202671, from Rural Area (RA) to Rural Residential (RR). The purpose is to eventually be allowed to subdivide the subject parcel into 18 one-acre lots for residential development.

A planning opinion has been requested for the application, to be based on consideration of the requested zoning amendment, the material presented at the public meeting on November 14, 2023, public feedback received, and sound planning principles founded in the Rural Municipality of West River's Official Plan policies.

As the Rural Municipality of West River's Future Land Use Map and Zoning Map are mirrored, this application, as with any zoning application, also involves an amendment to the Municipality's official plan, which may be considered concurrently.

### RECOMMENDATION

Upon review of the matters outlined below, at this time and given the information presented, a decision on the proposed rezoning appears to be premature.

It is recommended that a decision on the requested rezoning of the subject parcel be deferred until the issues of securing public access and provincial acceptance of the new street have been adequately addressed and on-site servicing for residential uses have been confirmed.

### LIMITATIONS

Information provided by the Municipality included the application form, a preliminary site plan by SCL Engineering, the Site Suitability Assessment report by EastTech Engineering, the coastal hazard assessment and an associated flood hazard map. All technical analysis of the submission is based on these documents.

#### **DISCLOSURE**

None



# Assessment

Subsection 12.3(4) of the Bylaw establishes criteria to be considered when reviewing applications for Official Plan and Bylaw amendments. These include:

Criteria	Compliance	Notes
Under Land Use Bylaw ss 12.3(4)		
a) conformity with the Official Plan;	Weighing Required	Some aspects of this application do conform with the Official Plan while others do not.
Relevant Official Plan Policies:		
Economic Policies:  □ RU-1 ⋈ RU-2 ⋈ RU-3 □ RU-4 □ RU-5   □ CI-1 □ CI-2 □ CI-3 □ CI-4 □ CI-5 □ EI-1 □ EI-2	Weighing required	Policy RU-2: This policy focuses on protecting resource lands and manage level of unserviced development through limits on the creation of new parcels and development. The subject lot is outside a residential node area (which was the exception to this policy to maintain as a rural area). However, there are limited resource lands in this area surrounded by predominantly residential uses. Also, some residents have reportedly complained about the agricultural activities on this and a neighbouring property. Policy RU-3: This policy provides the basis for the limits on subdivision in the RA zone and speaks to limiting number of parcels that can be severed from RA zone, to minimize fragmentation, and to promote rural development patterns. A change in zoning to RR to allow additional lots is contemplated in the Official Plan as indicated in Policy RU-2; however, rural development patterns are not being protected with this type of development proposal although there are similarities with the development pattern of approved lots in the adjoining area. Residential development of this entire parcel is inconsistent with the intent of this policy.
Physical Policies  □ PHY-1 □ PHY-2 ⋈ PHY-3  ⋈ PHY-4 □ PHY-5 □ PHY-6  □ PHY-7 □ PHY-8 □ PHY-9  □ TI-1 ⋈ TI-2 □ TI-3  □ TI-4	Consistent Weighing required	Policy PHY-3: this policy focuses on limiting development of residential properties along roadways; to cluster new lots in the creation of a new subdivision road to minimize number of accesses along the road The development proposes a single access point onto Route 19. Lots are not exactly clustered but are located in close proximity to other residential lots.  Policy PHY-4: The policy speaks to the purpose of the community nodes or future nodes identified on the Future Land Use Map and while not exact fixed areas, identify priority areas for future growth at such a time as their development is appropriate. While this site is outside of a community node (see Figure 3), it is adjacent to a subdivision pattern already established extending from an identified node.



Criteria	Compliance	Notes
	Insufficient information	Policy TI-2: all new subdivisions and developments require new roads are built to provincial standards for a public road. The developer has not provided enough information to determine if the existing right-of-way can be converted to a public road, or if the Province is willing to take it on. The only information is that there is a shared 66' right-of-way for all lots and that there would be a single access onto Route 19 through someone else's property. It is noted that the road requirements would apply for any subdivision on this property, regardless of zoning.
Social Policies	Mostly consistent	Policy R-1: speaks to limited residential developments in the RA zone and the use of the RR zone for multi-lot subdivisions where they are less likely to create conflicts with established farming operations and road network won't be negatively affected.  The applicant is seeking a rezoning from RA to RR for the proposed development of 18 one-acre lots. This is the appropriate course of action. Farming activities will be reduced because of this development which removes the potential existing conflict but reinforces the transition a way from farming and resource uses. Regarding the road network, the initial assessment is that, assuming the question of access and building the road to a public standard and deeding to the Proving, the road network will not generally be negatively impacted by the proposed development and would provide for residential lots in a pattern other than ribbon development.  Policy PR-1: This policy focuses in part on parkland dedications. This will be a greater consideration during a subdivision phase.
Environmental Policies  □ EN-1 □ EN-2 □ EN-3 □ EN-4 □ EN-5 □ EN-6 □ EN-7 □ EN-8 □ EN-9 □ EN-10 □ EN-11	Insufficient information Consistent	Policy EN-5: requirements for on-site septic systems established for new subdivision lots: four of the proposed lots appear to not meet the site suitability requirements for soil permeability according to the Site Suitability Assessment from Nov. 30, 2022 although all lots were categorized. Given that only 4 pages of the 61 pages of the SSA were provided, it can't be determined at this time what other assessment was provided in the SSA.  Policy EN-10: supporting new development that promotes sustainable practices, resiliency, and energy efficiency does not appear to be a consideration in this proposal. Generally speaking, more compact development reduces travel time and length, reducing GHG emissions, although the overall impact here might be negligible.



Criteria	Compliance	Notes
b. conformity with all	Insufficient	13.9 – Road standards – all new streets (or extension of
requirements of this Bylaw	information	roads) shall be served by a public street: the parcel in the proposal has no frontage on a public street for any of the parent parcel.  The private access through which the parent parcel has access to Route 19 needs to be evaluated to determine the appropriateness of it as a future ROW upgraded to public standard and the traffic impact involved. It does not appear that the subdivision application has been reviewed by the Province for an entranceway permit or other access.  Applicant's statements at the public meeting suggest that the requirement for a public road is understood, but a preliminary assessment should be undertaken for whether a more intensive level of traffic could be accommodated in that location, even with the provision of a public street.
c. suitability of the site for the proposed development;	Insufficient information	A determination cannot be made at this time based on the portion of the SSA that was provided, although the summary provided suggests it is suitable for on-site services. Confirmation is required.
d. compatibility of the proposed development with surrounding land uses, including both existing and future uses as per the Zoning Map;	Mostly Consistent	This is one of two similar RA lots surrounded by residential development and coastline that are cut off from other resource lands. As such, transitioning out of RA to RR may reduce land use conflicts between existing rural and residential uses.
e. any comments from residents or other interested persons;	Weighing Required	Public meeting took place on November 14, 2023.  Questions and comments generally covered the following:  road access, road upgrades, traffic implications in area, connection to other parcels and roads in area, bussing  future plans for subdivision and potential for more than the proposed 18 lots  likely nature of future homes and potential for large buildings and possibility of other types of residential uses permitted under the zone  construction plans need for more housing in the community
f. adequacy of existing water supply, wastewater treatment and disposal systems, streets, stormwater management, and parks and parkland for accommodating the development, and any projected infrastructure requirements;	Insufficient information	<ul> <li>Water supply – adequacy unknown (no information provided). Would be individual wells.</li> <li>Soils for septic systems – given the limited portion of SSA provided, it is unclear if any additional assessment was provided on how soil permeability would need to be addressed.</li> <li>Streets – a private right-of-way owned by a third party links the existing Fraser Lane (a private road) to Route 19. Street frontage requirements are not met and more information is required to determine future arrangements</li> </ul>



Criteria	Compliance	Notes
g. impacts from the development on pedestrian and vehicular access and safety, and on public safety generally;	Weighing required	relating to the access over that private right-of-way for a new public street  • One lot is being set aside as "open space" – the final location and size would be assessed as part of the subdivision stage.  This proposal adds a long roadway with no turnaround to the Province's system requiring road maintenance. It would also involve crossing over a private road to access the new street unless the portion of Fraser Lane immediately adjacent to Route 19 is also made public. The Province would have to be willing to take on the new street.  However, a new subdivision street is being proposed for the new lots, reducing the number of potential lots being subdivided with separate accesses along more general routes. The addition of a new road in the area could also provide an additional emergency access for the properties immediately to the east, which would not be connected on a permanent basis but which are currently accessed only through Darrach Rd.
h. compatibility of the	Mostly	There appears to be no wetlands or sensitive areas on the
development with	consistent	site. If not all lots can support onsite services, then the
environmental systems;		number of lots may need to be reduced. A coastal hazard
		assessment was provided and no concerns were flagged.
i. impact on the Municipality's	Mostly	It is anticipated this development would have a limited
finances and budgets; and	consistent	impact on the municipal budget, with the exception of an increase in parkland and a moderate increase in tax
		revenues from the associated development over time.
j. other planning matters as	Not	None identified
considered relevant by the	applicable	
Planning Board or Council.		
		dments under subsection 12.2(1) of the Bylaw
a. the proposed site-specific amendment is not contrary to	Not applicable	
the Official Plan. If an	аррисаыс	
application is contrary to the		
policies in the Official Plan, an		
application to amend the Official		
Plan must be filed in conjunction		
with the application to amend the Bylaw;		
b. the proposed use of land or a	Not	
building that is otherwise not	applicable	
permitted in a zone is		
sufficiently similar to or		



Criteria	Compliance	Notes
compatible with the permitted uses in that zone; and		
c. the proposed use does not undermine the overall integrity of the zone, is in the public interest, and is consistent overall with sound planning principles.	Not applicable	
Spec	ial Planning Are	ea considerations (section 13.6):
In the areas subject to the Cornwall Region Special Planning Area, the requirements of clause 63(10)(d) of the Subdivision and Development Regulations shall apply. (See Schedule F)	Not applicable	

#### Comments from residents or other interested persons

Public feedback expressed at the public meeting:

Comment	Consideration
ROW access to property – is	If the road becomes a public road and is taken on by the Province,
there a limit to number of lots?	there be no limits to the number of lots that could be approved,
	other than lot size, other bylaw requirements, and any
	transportation-related limits identified by the Province.
Concern about noise and mess	This is a temporary issue and should not be a concern in making the
during construction period	decision about long-term land use changes. A construction plan could
	be included in a subdivision agreement.
Connectivity of subdivision	Traffic safety may be an area of concern, to be identified in
with other roads. Large	discussions with the Department of Transportation. Connectivity of
increase in traffic potentially.	subdivision with other roads would make sense instead of dead-end
	streets, particularly in relation to long term emergency management.
Not going to be an affordable	Public safety must be ensured through development of a public
type of development when a	street.
public road is required.	
Need for housing	Two speakers referenced the need for additional housing in the
	community.
Potential for other uses	Some speakers questions whether other residential uses would be
	permitted, notwithstanding the applicant's concept for single
	detached residential lots.

# **OPTIONS FOR CONDITIONS**



#### Amendments (Changes in Zoning) to Permit Residential Subdivisions:

The Planning Act and the Bylaw do not permit the imposition of conditions for subdivision or development at the rezoning stage, such as limiting the subdivision to the type of residential uses proposed at the time of zoning application; however the ability of the site to accommodate the proposed use is a consideration during the rezoning process and some considerations are highlighted in the assessment above.

#### **OPTIONS**

Council has several options available in relation to this application:

- 1. <u>Denial</u> As the application is currently incomplete and aspects of the proposal may not be deemed to be consistent with the Official Plan, Council may choose to deny this application outright.
- Approval Land use planning requires a need for balancing interests in a community. Council will
  need to consider this balance of various Official Plan policies to determine which ones will be
  prioritized for this development. If Council feels that the proposal is consistent with the balance of
  Official Plan policies, it can approve the amendments to the Official Plan (change in designation on
  the Future Land Use Map) and Land Use Bylaw (change in zoning on the Zoning Map).
- 3. <u>Deferral</u> Given that the application is missing several critical elements based on the information provided for this assessment (i.e., information on the access and the conversion of the private land to a public street, drinking water supply, and the number of lots that can be supported given soil suitability), it may be in the community (and developer's) best interests for Council to defer its decision on this matter until such time as there is adequate and fulsome information before Council to make an informed decision.



# APPENDIX A – CURRENT ZONING AND ADJOINING USES

Future Land Use Designation and Zoning - PID 202671



Figure 1 - Current Land Use Designations and Zoning



Figure 2 - Source: Google Maps, Nov 2023



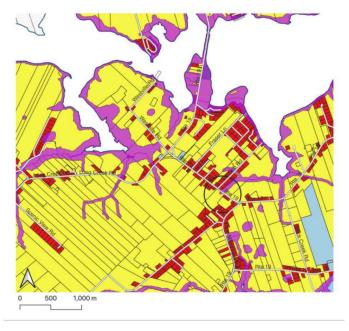


Figure 3-Designations from Future Land Use Map with Community/Future Node indicated (official plan)



### Appendix 6.2

#### SJ Murphy Planning & Consulting

**Planning Report** 

REPORT FOR: Rural Municipality of West River

DATE: November 28, 2023

PREPARED BY: Samantha Murphy, RPP, LPP, FCIP

REPORT NUMBER: WR-2023-03.1

SUBJECT: Rezoning and Site-Specific Amendment – PID 491324 – Clustered Housing

#### **BACKGROUND**

An application has been submitted for subdivision for Parcel 491324 for 6-10 lots of 1-5 acres. The proposed final use is believed to be a number of apartment buildings on two lots. The application deals with 16 acres out of 71 acres, with the remaining portion of the property to be retained by the current owner.

A planning opinion has been requested for the application, to be based on consideration of the requested approval, the material presented at the public meeting on November 14, 2023, public feedback received, and sound planning principles.

As the Rural Municipality of West River's Future Land Use Map and Zoning Map are mirrored, this application, as with any zoning application, also involves an amendment to the Municipality's official plan, which may be considered concurrently.

Based on the information provided by the Applicant at the public meeting, all parties agree that the current application being considered by Council is for a change in zoning and future land use designation from Rural Area to Rural Residential. Any application for a site-specific amendment to permit clustered housing and/or a subdivision application and ultimately a development permit, would be considered in a future stage.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Upon review of the matters enumerated below, the application appears to be incomplete. Based on the information provided, it is not possible to provide a full assessment on all criteria associated with changes in zoning.

Notwithstanding the above, based on a preliminary assessment consisting of a review of the Official Plan policies and the appropriateness of the location for the proposed higher density residential use, approval of the requested change in zoning is not recommended at this time.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

All professional analysis of the submission is based on the documents provided by the Municipality, which included:

- An application form for the Municipality's file WR-0022 for a subdivision for 6-10 lots ranging in size from 1-5 acres
- A preliminary site plan on an aerial image of the parcel showing 6 lots as well as a green space and a remnant parcel, along with a second map document with PID 491324 indicated as Parcel A.



- A copy of the notice for the public meeting
- An initial internal review which included Appendix 1 that showed a different site plan showing 2 lots and six apartment buildings
- A copy of the response letter to the applicant regarding their concurrent application to rezone and subdivide.

#### DISCLOSURE

None noted

#### **OVERVIEW**

While the documentation supplied dealt primarily with an application for subdivision, the public meeting held on November 14, 2023 dealt specifically with the change in zoning required to permit a subdivision of more than 4 lots and/or clustered housing and apartment uses.

#### Planning Analysis:

#### Completeness of application

- The application form supplied was for a subdivision but also indicated a request to rezone. The application form did not include the property owner's signature and it is unclear if the owner has provided permission for the application to proceed in another document. The documentation supplied is incomplete in other forms as well, indicating simply 'dwellings' for proposed use, does not include a road name for the parcel location, and includes a range of potential lots sizes and number of lots. The application provided is lacking the additional information indicated on page 2 of the application form, which provide the basis for a more in-depth review of the proposed subdivision.
- Based on the information provided, given the number of lots the applicant is seeking, a rezoning from Rural Area (Ra) to Rural Residential (RR) is required. For a rezoning application, a specific application form is required. While it is possible this has been submitted, it was not in the documentation supplied.
- Based on the indication of more than one residential building on a parcel, the proposed future use is
  clustered housing. Clustered housing is a site-specific amendment use in the RR zone, requires a public
  meeting, and is subject to terms and conditions based on an analysis of the suitability of the site for the
  proposed use.
- A number of different proposed site and subdivision plans have been provided and it is unclear which is
  the most current.
- Traffic and access considerations, as well as a site assessment for the property, do not appear to have been undertaken for the current proposal.

#### Process

The proposed development is a complex project and involves multiple stages of approval. Based on the clustered housing component, the appropriate required steps would be:

 Initial assessment of proposal for completeness of application, as well as appropriateness and consistency with the Official Plan and Bylaw.



- Once a complete application is received and the initial assessment is complete, Planning Board and Council would consider the appropriateness of bringing the proposal to the public for comment. At this point, there are two options:
  - Entertain an application to rezoning to Rural Residential on the basis of a desire to develop more than five lots and/or build apartments, followed by a second consideration to entertain a sitespecific amendment application for clustered housing (also an amendment process requiring a public meeting); OR
  - Entertain a combined application to rezone to Rural Residential and permit a site-specific amendment use – these can be considered at the same public meeting if the proper procedures are followed.
- In the consideration of the rezoning request, the compliance of the proposed use (multi-lot subdivision) with the Official Plan and suitability of the site for a multi-lot subdivision use would be assessed. Rezoning to Rural Residential on its own would not indicate that a site-specific use of clustered housing would be permitted. This assessment would extend to a preliminary assessment of the impacts of the proposed end use, recognizing that it could change based on permitted uses in the zone. Provincial departments of Transportation and Environment would be consulted to ensure the site could be used in a manner consistent with the proposed zone.
- In the consideration of a site-specific amendment request, the Municipality would be expected to give a more in-depth analysis of the proposed final use and the appropriateness of the site and may establish conditions appropriate to ensuring compatibility of the proposed use with the Official Plan policies and the Bylaw. This process would involve a greater degree of consultation with provincial departments and other qualified professionals. Depending on the scale of the proposed development, the Department of Environment should be consulted to see if an environmental impact assessment is required.
- If the rezoning and site-specific amendment use are approved and following approval by the minister responsible for the Planning Act, the applicant would submit a complete application for subdivision approval. The subdivision would be assessed on, among other criteria, the intended use of the parcel(s) to ensure that any lots approved can be developed in the desired manner. Matters to be considered would include, but not be limited to: stormwater management; anticipated traffic volume; location of accesses; parkland dedications; site assessments; and water and wastewater treatment requirements. Depending on the scale of subdivision and anticipated uses, a subdivision agreement may be appropriate.
- Once the subdivision process is complete, the applicant would submit a development permit application.
  Given the clustered housing component, the development would be subject to any conditions identified at
  the time of the site-specific amendment process. This stage requires the highest level of details on
  matters such as water and wastewater treatment, location of the entranceway(s), stormwater
  management, and other items identified through the process and in the Bylaw. A development agreement
  would be recommended.

#### Potential Uses In the RA Zone

Considered on its own, the change in zoning for the parcel would permit the following as permitted uses: single-detached dwellings; duplex dwellings and semi-detached dwellings; apartment dwellings; and townhouse dwellings. Clustered housing and conservation subdivisions are site-specific amendment uses and would require a second public meeting and amendment process.



The number of lots permitted to be subdivided in the RR Zone is determined by on-site servicing requirements, accesses, and other similar considerations.

In determining the appropriateness of applying the RR Zone to the area in question, Council needs to be comfortable that the full range of permitted uses are appropriate to the area and that a more intensive residential use on the property is in keeping with the intent and policies of the Official Plan.

#### Site-Specific Amendment Uses

The Bylaw defines clustered housing as a land *development* project for more than two *residential use buildings* on the same *lot* intended for rental, condominium, cooperative or other form of ownership.

The proposal includes multiple apartment buildings on the proposed parcels, making the use clustered housing. Clustered housing is a site-specific housing use in the RR zone (clause 7.4 (1) (a)). The Bylaw allows Council to establish conditions for the use. The approval process criteria include, among other things, that the proposed use does not undermine the overall integrity of the zone, is in the public interest, and is consistent overall with sound planning principles. The Official Plan sets out matters that may be addressed or required under the Bylaw in Policy PHY-3, plan action (d). The Official Plan also includes a number of other policies that should be included in the consideration of the proposed use. Where the policies require weighing, the proposed use would be considered against them as a whole and any potential conditions (including limits in scale) would identify how the project could be developed to ensure compliance.



# **ASSESSMENT**

Subsection 12.3(4) of the Bylaw establishes criteria to be considered when reviewing applications for Official Plan and Bylaw amendments. These include:

Criteria under Land Use	Compliance	Notes - elaborate
Bylaw ss 12.3(4)		
<ul> <li>a) conformity with the Official Plan;</li> </ul>	Weighing Required	See below
Relevant Official Plan Policies		r):
Economic Policies:  □ RU-1 ⋈ RU-2 ⋈ RU-3  □ RU-4 □ RU-5   □ CI-1  □ CI-2 □ CI-3 □ CI-4 □ CI-5  □ EI-1 □ EI-2	Weighing Required	The Rural Area zone was created to support a range of rural uses, including resource uses, rural scale residential uses, and institutional and small-scale commercial uses.  Policy RU-2: identifies the goal of protecting resource lands and activities and limiting unserviced development, with the exception of areas identified as community nodes. The subject parcel is beyond the community node in that area. While the parcel may not be suited to agricultural uses, it is largely surrounded by RA-zoned properties and its transition to other uses could increase conflicts between resource and other uses as the residential population grows in a concentrated area.  Policy RU-3: This policy speaks to development patterns more suitable to a rural landscape. A larger
		residential development enabled under the RR zone, particularly with the proposed intensive apartment uses is not typical or consistent with a rural landscape.
Physical Policies  □ PHY-1 □ PHY-2 ⋈ PHY-3  ⋈ PHY-4 □ PHY-5 □ PHY-6  ⋈ PHY-7 □ PHY-8 □ PHY-9  ⋈ TI-1 ⋈ TI-2 ⋈ TI-3  □ TI-4	Weighing Required	Policy PHY-3: While the application involves clustered housing, the area immediately adjacent involves a more rural landscape and the development of the property would not involve the expansion of an existing residential cluster or infill. Grouped housing (clustered housing) is explicitly contemplated but where siting, servicing, and impacts can be managed.
		Policy PHY-4: The policy speaks to the purpose of the community nodes or future nodes identified on the Future Land Use Map. While not exact fixed areas, the nodes identify priority areas for future growth at such a time as their development is appropriate. As this site is outside of a community node, it could be considered premature, should Council be of the opinion that it is too far removed from an identified node.  Policy PHY-7: this is an application for a change in
		zoning, the RR zone would permit more intensive residential development, and depending on scale, a



		form of residential development that may be challenging to integrate into the surrounding natural and built landscape.
		Policy TI-1: coordination with the Province in assessing, at least to a preliminary level, the suitability of the location for more intensive residential development is recommended.
		<b>Policy TI-2:</b> Provincial confirmation of the ability of the site to provide access for a significant number of vehicles has not been confirmed.
		<b>Policy TI-3</b> : this will be a larger consideration at a site- specific amendment or subdivision stage.
Social Policies	Weighing Required	Policy R-1: This policy area provides a number of criteria for consideration for the location of future RR zones. Plan action (g) in particular encourages residential development to be located in areas adjacent to existing housing clusters and where appropriate, identified future nodes.
		Policy R-2: The policy references small-scale multi-unit dwellings as one objective, but did not include more intensive multi-unit dwelling developments.
		Policy R-4: Plan action (a) references development constraints and other matters relating to health and safety. It is premature based on the information available to fully assess this.
		<b>Policy PR-1:</b> This will be a greater consideration in a site-specific amendment assessment or during a subdivision phase.
Environmental Policies  ⊠ EN-1 ⊠ EN-2 ⊠ EN-3  □ EN-4 ⊠ EN-5 □ EN-6  □ EN-7 □ EN-8 ⊠ EN-9  □ EN-10 □ EN-11	Insufficient information	Policy EN-1: an assessment of the suitability of the site for more intensive residential uses has not yet been undertaken. The proposed clustered housing could create a significant area covered in impervious surfaces.
		Policy EN-2: a further assessment should be undertaken in future phases if the change in zoning is approved.
		Policy EN-3: a further assessment should be undertaken in future phases if the change in zoning is approved.
		Policy EN-5: more information is needed to ensure that the site is suitable for more intensive residential development.
		Policy EN-9: more intensive residential development that replaces sprawl further away from employment and service centres can reduce emissions through



		reduced trip time and provide the critical mass to support transit.
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b. conformity with all requirements of this Bylaw;	Insufficient information	Site suitability, transportation, stormwater, compatibility matters yet to be identified
c. suitability of the site for the proposed development;	Insufficient information	Location appears to be an open field that could accommodate residential uses and is close to but not immediately in the future node.
d. compatibility of the proposed development with surrounding land uses, including both existing and future uses as per the Zoning Map;	Insufficient information	This would depend on the final scale of the project
e. any comments from residents or other interested persons;	Weighing Required	Residents that spoke to the application clearly felt that the use of the site for more intensive residential development was not appropriate or compatible with the rural character in the immediate area. Comments are more fully described below.
f. adequacy of existing water supply, wastewater treatment and disposal systems, streets, stormwater management, and parks and parkland for accommodating the development, and any projected infrastructure requirements;	Insufficient information	Information needed from the Province on servicing of water and wastewater.
g. impacts from the development on pedestrian and vehicular access and safety, and on public safety generally;	Insufficient information	
h. compatibility of the development with environmental systems;	Insufficient information	Significant residential density, more information required from the Province.
i. impact on the Municipality's finances and budgets; and	Not applicable Insufficient information	No immediate impacts are identified. An increase in tax base would make municipal services more affordable over time. There are limited public services in the area currently.
j. other planning matters as considered relevant by the Planning Board or Council.	Not applicable	None identified at this time.



Additional Considerations for	Site-Specific Amendme	nts under subsection 12.2(1) of the Bylaw
a. the proposed site- specific amendment is not contrary to the Official Plan. If an application is contrary to the policies in the Official Plan, an application to amend the Official Plan must be filed in conjunction with the application to amend the Bylaw;	Weighing Required	See above analysis - this will need to be considered if the project moves to a site-specific amendment stage.
b. the proposed use of land or a building that is otherwise not permitted in a zone is sufficiently similar to or compatible with the permitted uses in that zone; and	Not applicable yet	This will need to be considered if the project moves to a site-specific amendment stage. While the proposed use is residential, the surrounding area is lower-density (rural) residential and agricultural uses – the difference in scale presents questions of compatibility, particularly in terms of the rural character.
c. the proposed use does not undermine the overall integrity of the zone, is in the public interest, and is consistent overall with sound planning principles.	Not applicable yet	This will need to be considered if the project moves to a site-specific amendment stage.
Special Planning Area conside	erations (section 13.6):	
In the areas subject to the Cornwall Region Special Planning Area, the requirements of clause 63(10)(d) of the Subdivision and Development Regulations shall apply. (See Schedule F)	Not applicable	The subject site is outside of the special planning area.

# Comments from residents or other interested persons

Public feedback expressed at the public meeting covered the following matters:

Comment Theme	Consideration
Remaining portion of parent	As there is no application for the proposed remnant and the applicant
parcel	states that there is no intent to purchase more than 16 acres, this is
	not relevant to the decision at hand.
Servicing – ability of site to	This is a valid question and one that would have to be answer before
accommodate anticipated	approval could be considered.
intensity of use	



uses is something that should be confirmed both through the Department of Environment and through a site suitability assessment before approval could be considered specially assessment before approval could be considered the impact of the proposed apartment buildings and their compatibility with the immediate area, given the rural development pattern, potential stormwater concerns, and suitability of the site for more intensive residential uses given the lack of transit and services. The questions of lighting, traffic, and intensity of use given the more typically rural adjoining uses should be given careful consideration given the policies in the Official Plan regarding preservation of the rural character of the community.  Additional information is required on the potential traffic impacts and the Province's position on the proposed level of use before approval could be considered.  Future rental prices, tenants  Concern about noise and mess during construction period decision about long-term land use changes. A construction plan could be included in a subdivision agreement.  Timing of application given recent adoption of the Official Plan assessed in the context of the continued relevance of the adopted goals, objectives, policies, and plan actions. In some cases, an amendment is appropriate, in others, it would be determined to conflict. This is assessed on a case by case basis.  Need for some flexibility in light of housing constraints  The palniang process always are still required to meet minimum lot sizes, making the costs of such a development not		
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	Alternatives to apartment	The applicant noted that tiny homes are still required to meet
homes	buildings, such as clustered tiny	minimum lot sizes, making the costs of such a development not
nomes leasible.	homes	feasible.

#### **Ability of Council to Apply Conditions**

#### Amendments (Changes in Zoning) to Permit Residential Subdivisions:

The Planning Act and the Bylaw do not permit the imposition of conditions for subdivision or development at the rezoning stage; however the ability of the site to accommodate the proposed use is a consideration during the rezoning process and is highlighted in the assessment above, particularly where the proposed use is clustered housing.

### Site-Specific Amendment Uses:

While the application currently before Council is the change in zoning, many of the questions raised pertain to the proposed future use of clustered housing. Subsection 3.10(1) of the Bylaw allows for the imposition of conditions on development permits subject to such conditions being directly related to and consistent with the Municipality's bylaws and Official Plan. The zone provisions in the specific zones further allow the approval of specified site-specific amendment uses, subject to such conditions as Council deems necessary. Such conditions would be noted as part of the Site-Specific Amendment process. This provision allows for the



imposition of conditions necessary to ensure that the Official Plan policies and the criteria under 12.2(1) are met.

Potential considerations for this application should it proceed to a site-specific amendment stage include the following:

- Scale or intensity of development and overall number of units: the Official Plan contemplates a mix
  of housing types, including apartments. It also speaks to the value place on rural character and
  environmental sustainability.
- The increase in housing options should be weighed against intensive rural development with on-site services.
- While the clustered housing option is available as a site-specific amendment use, there is a significant difference between a cluster of 8-12 townhouse units in a number of buildings, a tiny home or mini-home, or even grouped single detached units and 48-72 units.

#### Summary

Insufficient information is available at this time to provide a full assessment beyond the general policies of the Official Plan. Given the scale of development and the anticipated intensity of use, consultation with the required provincial departments is needed, at a minimum, should the location of the proposed zone and use be determined to be consistent with the policies of the Official Plan.

#### Traffic Impacts

Information supplied by the Applicant in their presentation at the public meeting noted ongoing discussions with the Province dating to before the Municipality assumed jurisdiction over planning. The presentation indicated that the Department of Transportation had already indicated that access on Route 19 would be problematic, particularly in relation to individual driveways. The concept presented at the public meeting therefore included an access from Route 19A. For the consideration of a change in zoning to RR alone, the suitability of the site to provide access for more than 4 lots should be assessed. Should the first application be successful and an application for apartments on individual lots or as clustered housing through a site-specific amendment proceed, additional consideration of specific traffic volumes would also need to be assessed.

#### **Environmental Considerations**

Given the intensity of either a multi-lot subdivision or a cluster of apartment buildings, a site assessment for the property is essential to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed zoning, should the location of the proposed zone and use be determined to be consistent with the policies of the Official Plan. While there is no ER zone identified for the property, it is possible that a detailed site assessment would identify sensitivities on the site. It is strongly recommended that the Department of Environment be consulted prior to any further consideration.

# **Density of Development**

The development proposal involves high density residential development in an area of the Municipality that has never been considered for such intensive use. The proposal appears to be inconsistent with the rural



nature of the area, and indeed, of the Municipality as a whole, as well as the intent of the Official Plan to help preserve the rural nature of the area appears.

#### **OPTIONS**

Council has several options available in relation to this application:

- <u>Denial</u> if Council determines that the Official Plan policies and information provided on the site for
  the proposed intensification of residential uses through a change in designation and zoning is
  sufficient to determine the requested amendments are not appropriate, Council could, by
  resolution, deny the application. A response in writing with reasons would be required and the
  decision would be posted in accordance with the Bylaw and the Planning Act.
- Approval if Council determines the Official Plan policies sufficiently support the requested changes
  in designation and zoning, approval would be undertaken through the adoption of an amendment to
  the Official Plan and Future Land Use Map and the full set of readings, approval and adoption of the
  amendment to the Land Use Bylaw and Zoning Map. A site-specific amendment and subdivision
  process would then follow.
- 3. <u>Deferral</u> if Council determines that the additional information relating to traffic and access considerations and site suitability for on-site services will contribute to their ability to make a decision on the application, the consideration of whether or not to amend the Official Plan Future Land Use Map and the Land Use Bylaw Zoning Map should be deferred until such time as the required information is provided.



# APPENDIX A – CURRENT ZONING AND CONTEXT

Future Land Use Designation and Zoning - PID 491324

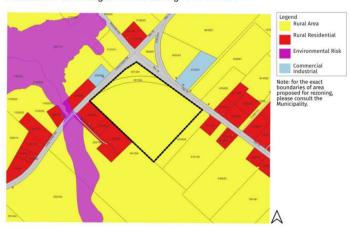


Figure 1-portion of the parcel that is the subject of the application for a change in designation and zoning.

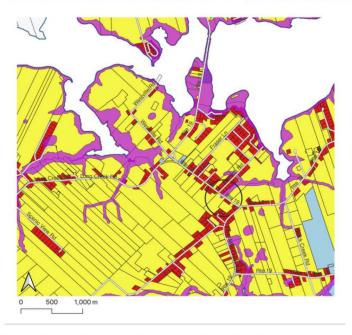


Figure 2 - Zoning and Designation on Future Land Use Map with Future/Community Node indicated.

